## **GUARANTEE**

The manufacturer guarantees the correct functioning of the Wood Moisture Meter HIT-3 under normal use for a period of 12 months.

Serial number .....

Production date .....



# WOOD MOISTURE METER HIT-3 USERS MANUAL





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## 1. DECRIPTION AND APPLICATIONS

The Wood Moisture Meter HIT-3 is a state-of-the-art electronic device for measuring wood moisture in a range from 6% to 60% of moisture contents. The whole device is fitted into a hammer electrode. The device can be used for measuring moisture contents in over 270 different wood types. The moisture meter is also equipped with a temperature compensation circuit.

Moisture Meter HIT-3 is widely used in wood industry, forestry and other industries utilising wood.

## 2. TECHNICAL DATA

6 % - 60 % moisture contents Range Accuracy (at 20°C) within range 6 – 12.9%  $\pm 1\%$ within range  $13 - 28.9\% \pm 2\%$ approx. 10 % of measured value within range 29 - 60%Number of wood types 12 (270)  $-10^{\circ} \div 60^{\circ} \text{ C}$ Wood temp. range LCD Display Power 1 battery 23A, 12 V Auto power off yes Battery life approx. 10.000 measurements 180 x 80 x 42 mm Size Weight approx. 0.8 kG

## **3. EQUIPEMENT**

The standard Wood Moisture Meter HIT-3 is equipped with 2 sets of needles  $\phi$  3.5 x 12 mm.

- The following optional electrodes are available:
- needles  $\phi 2.0 \ge 6$  mm
- veneer electrodes (no holes) (measuring range 6 % to 20 %)

### 4. PREPARING THE INSTRUMENT

Use the "WOOD TYPE" button to select the appropriate wood type group and the "WOOD TEMP." button to set the wood temperature. The temperature setting step is 2°C. Pressing and holding the "WOOD TEMP." button "fast forwards" the setting. This can be used to quickly change the temperature setting e.g. from 10°C to 40°C. from -10°C to 40°C.

The most common European wood types are listed in a table on the instrument.

All exotic wood types (270 species) listed in the users manual (page 6 and next) are divided into 4 groups. During measurements of moisture contents of exotic wood types the "WOOD TYPE" should be set to:

-	Group 1	-	select 1
-	Group 2	-	select 2
-	Group 3	-	select 3

Group 4 select 4

#### 5. SELECTING NEEDLES

We recommend that the length of the needles you use should be about 25-30 % of the thickness of the timber. With this length of needles the device displays the average moisture contents.

## 6. THE MEASUREMENT

To conduct measurements:

- press and hold for a while the "ON/OFF" button to turn the instrument on,
- hammer the instrument into the wood, a line drawn between the needles should be perpendicular to the fibers (the resistance should be measured across the fibers),
- the strength used for hitting the wood should be appropriate to the hardness of the wood, do not use excess force, hitting the wood with the body of the device (when the needles have been completely inserted into the wood) may damage the device,
- wait until the result stabilizes, read the result on the LCD,
- the instrument can be turned off by pressing and holding the "ON/OFF" button or it will turn off automatically after approx. 5 minutes.



While conducting the measurements you should observe the following rules:

- Conduct the measurement no closer than 0.3 m from each end of the timber or in the middle, if the planks are shorter than 0.6 m.
- Choose the spots for measurements at random.
- Do not take the measurements where defects in the wood occur.
- Make 3 measurements on each side of the timber.

## 7. RESULTS

The measuring range of the Wood Moisture Meter HIT-3 is 6% - 60% moisture contents. Moisture contents below 6% is indicated as "LO" on the LCD. All results over 60% are indicated as "HI".

### 8. MEASURING VERY DRY WOOD

Measurements of moisture contents in a very dry wood (below 10%) are subject to interference. This can be observed when the result of the measurement becomes unstable. The sources of the interference are electrostatic charges and electromagnetic fields. Often the measurements of very dry wood are conducted in a very dry environment (below 30% RH) and this additionally increases the problem.

When measuring a very dry wood:

do the measurements in a place where the electro-magnetic interference is minimal (away from electric engines, high voltage wires etc.),

- do not walk around the device,
- use thin needles because they provide a better contact with the wood,
- after inserting the needles, turn the device off and on again, place your hands on the wood to discharge any electrostatic charges,
- in extremely difficult conditions place the timber on a grounded metal plate or wire mesh.

#### 9. REPLACING THE BATTERY

During normal operation the battery should last for at least 1 year. The meter is equipped with an active power level control unit. When the power drops below acceptable level a pulsating sign "BAT" appears on the LCD. This indicates that the battery has expired and should be replaced with a new one. To replace the battery (Fig. 2):

- unscrew the plastic cork in the handle of the device (an internal spring will push the battery out),
- gently sidle the battery compartment out of the handle (but no further),
- take out the old battery,
- put the new battery into the compartment (pay attention to correct polarization minus towards the spring),
- push the battery compartment back in and screw the plastic cork back on.



#### **10. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

(a) The most common cause of bending or breaking the needles is an incorrect way of pulling it out of the wood. To prevent the needles from bending (especially long needles in a hard wood) slide something (like a screwdriver) between the electrode and the wood. This warranty becomes null and void if you fail to pack your HIT3 in a manner consistent with the original product packaging and damage occurs during product shipment.

This warranty does not cover: circumstance beyond our company's control; service required as the result of unauthorized modifications or service; misuse, abuse; failure to follow our company operating or maintenance instructions.

Repair or replacement without charge is our company's only obligation under this warranty. Our company will not be responsible for any special, consequential or incidental damages resulting from the purchase, use, or improper functioning of this equipment regardless of the cause. Such damages for which our company's will not be responsible include, but are not limited to, loss of revenue or profit, downtime costs, loss of use of the equipment, cost of any substitute equipment, facilities of services, or claims of your customers for such damages.

#### Important

We recommend to prevent faulty result in measurements please check your meter reading results within a adequate time period by the dry oven test according DIN 52 183 Standard.

#### WARNING

The electronic circuit board is supported by a special rubber ring which serves as shock absorber. This allows the board to "float" at impact. **Do not screw the mounting screws so firmly that the board is rigidly fastened to the housing.** 

Please remember to carefully screw the needles all the way (no leeway).

Store the moisture meter in a dry place (20% - 70% RH).

In case the device gets moist, dry it (using a heater or in the sun). See users' manual (paragraph 11).

## Group 3 cont. (set "WOOD TYPE" to 3)

Port-orfordcedar	Seraya, white + red	Tupelo
Purpleheart	+ yellow	Umbrella-tree
Quaruba	Sikon	Walnut, americ.
Rauli	Spruce Western	West-indian-locust
Red peroba	White	Whitewood
Redwood, calif.	Shore-pine	White-afara
Rengas	Sucamore	White-peroba
Robinie	Sugi	Willow
Roble	Sweet-chestnut	Wood-fiber
Safukala	Sweetgum	insulating panels
Saligna Gum	Tchitola	Yang
Sapo	Thuya-Maser	Yemane
Sen	Tangile	Yew
Sepetir	Toosca	

## Group 4 (set "WOOD TYPE" to 4)

African walnut	Bubinga	Mahagony
Akatio	Brasilian walnut	Mansonia
Aniegré	Lauran, white + red	Meranti, dark red
Aningori	Mahagony, Sipo	Meranti, light red

### **13. GUARANTEE AND SERVICE**

TANEL Electronic warrants the Moisture Meter HIT-3 to be free from malfunction and defects in both materials and workmanship for one year (12 months) from the date of purchase.

If the Moisture Meter HIT-3 does not function properly during the warranty period due to defects in either, materials or workmanship, our company will, at its option, either repair or replace the instrument without charge, subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein. Such repair service will include any necessary adjustments and replacement part.

#### Limitations

This warranty does not cover damage that may occur if you use excess force (in variance with instructions of this users manual) to hammer the device into the wood.

- (b) Every several hundred measurements check if the needles didn't become loose. Loose needles bend or break more easily.
- (c) When measuring a very thick timber you can use anils of appropriate length and φ1.5-2.5 mm. (see 5. SELECTING NEEDLES). The distance between them should be 25 mm. A line drawn between them should be perpendicular to the fibers. Then touch the nail heads' with the needles of the device, turn on the moisture meter and read the result..
- (d) When measuring moisture contents in narrow pieces of wood you can do it along the fibers. For moisture contents over 20% the result will be a little bit higher than the real moisture contents. Results below 20% will not be noticeably influenced by the direction of the measurement.
- (e) Wood Moisture Meter HIT-3 is an electronic device. The components used for production of HIT-3 guarantee its reliable and long operation. The part that is most often subject to accidental damage is the LCD. Please pay special attention not to damage the LCD during the measurements.
- (f) When a needle breaks use a small screwdriver to unscrew the broken part of the needle or remove the plastic part, unscrew the bolts with the springs and unscrew the broken needles from the inside.

#### **11. STORAGE**

Store the device in a chemically neutral atmosphere In temperature 5°C to 40°C and relative humidity 20% - 70% RH. If the electronic circuits become moist, dry the whole device. Unscrew the plastic part with the needles and heat the device up to 40 - 50°C (not more). The drying should last at least a few hours. For example you can put the device on a radiator.

### **12. EXOTIC WOOD TYPES**

### Group 1 (set "WOOD TYPE" to 1)

Chipboard	Gonzales Alves	Zebrano
(phenolic resin	Parana Pine	
bonded)		

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# Group 2 (set "WOOD TYPE" to 2)

Assegai	Iroko	Pillarwood
Avodiré	Jarrah	Pink Ivory wood
Box-tree	Karri	Pockholz
Brazilian-rosewood	Kempas	Pyinkado
Chipboard (urea	Kokrodua	Quebracho
bonded)	Mahagony, Khaya	blanco
Cedar, white + red	Mahagony, Sapelli	Quebracho
Cocuswood	Massaranduba	colorado
Columbian pine	Mecrusse	Ramin
Cypress, southern	Moabi	Redcedar, western
Dahoma	Mora	Sandalwood
Dogwood Douglasie	Mucarati	Sapele
Ebony, afr. + asiat.	Muhimbi	Sasswood
Ebony, macassar	Muhuhu	Satinwood
Europen aspen	Mukulungu Mukusi	Snake wood
Freijo	Niove	Sucupira
Goncalo	Nyankom	Tali
Groupie	Obeche	Teak
Greenheart	Okoume	Tulipwood
Guaycan	Olive tree	Wacapou
Hardboard	Ozouga	Wattle, black
Idigbo	Pear	Wenge
Indian-Rosewood	Persimmon	Zapatero

# Group 3 (set "WOOD TYPE" to 3)

Abura	Andiroba	Azobé
Afcelia	Andoung	Baboen
Agathis	Angelin	Bahia
Agba	Angelique	Baitoa
Alder	Antiaris	Balau
Alstonia	Ash, americ.	Balsa
Amazokoue	Ash, jap.	Balsamo
Amendoim	Ash, meanness	Banga Wanga
American -	Aspen	Basswood
mahagony	Assacu	Berlinia

# **Gruop 3 cont.** (set "WOOD TYPE" to **3**)

Birch, yellow	Guatambu	Merawan
Birch, meanness	Gum-tree	Merbau
Blackwood, afr.	Haldu	Mersawa
Blackwood, austr.	Hemlock	Moringui
Blue Gum	Hickory	Muninga
Bomax	Hornbeam	Musizi
Borneo	Horse-cestnut	Mutenye
Camphorwood	Ilomba	Myrtle
Brushbox	Izombe	Nyatch Oak, jap.
Bruyere	Jacareuba	Oak, red
Boire	Jelutong	Oak, stone
Cabbage-bark, black	Juniper	Oak, white
Campeche	Kauri	Oak, grape
Campherwood, real	Keruing	Oak, haft
Campherwood, afr.	Koto	Okan
Canarium, afr.	Landa	Okwen
Cativo	Larch, europ.	Olivillo
Chengal	Larch, jap.	Opepe
Cherry	Larch, sibir.	Ovangkol
Chickrassy	Laurel, Chile	Ozigo
Cocobolo	Laurel, Indian	Padouk, afr.
Coigue	Limbali	Padouk, burma
Cypresse	Lime	Padouk, Manila
Daniellia	Louro, vermecho	Paldao
Danta	Madrono, Pacific	Partidge
Diambi	Magnolia	Pencil-wood,
Douka	Mahagony, Kosipo	afr. + virg.
Elm	Mahagony, Tiama	Pencil-wood, calif.
Esia	Makore	Pernambuc
Eucalyptus	Manbarklak	Pine, black + red
Europen-plane	Manio	Pine,
Evino	Maple, Mountain	weymouth + stone
Eyong	Maple, soft	Pine,
Fraké	Maple, sugar	pitch + insignis
Gerongang	Menkulang	Plum-tree
Gedu Nohor	Meranti, yellow	Podo
Guarea	Meranti, white	Ponderosa Pine